Diversity and future conservation strategy of wildlife at Ramna Park, Dhaka

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Abstract

Ramna Park is an important habitat and shelter of avifauna in Dhaka City. The Park also supported mammal, reptile, amphibian and butterflies. Many species of forest and migratory bird use the park as a shelter and stopover habitat during their migration period.

This paper/poster is presenting status of birds, reptiles, amphibians, mammals and butterfly of Ramna Park and future conservation strategy regarding wildlife conservation.

Introduction

Diversity of wildlife is one of the most important ecological indicators to evaluate the quality of habitats. Now-a-days, wildlife diversity has been decreasing due to the destruction of natural habitats and human disturbances. Thus, many species of wildlife especially the birds may be forced to inhabit in the urban areas. The Ramna Park is situated in the heart of Dhaka city. It is about 85 acres. The biodiversity of Ramna Park yet not properly documented except a survey conducted by Reza et. al (1978) for bird species.



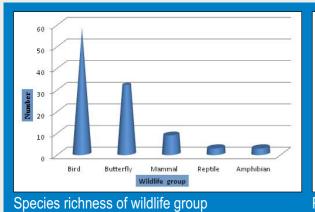
Method

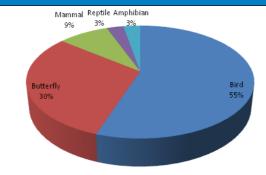
The study was carried out from January 2009 to November 2014. A total of 64 field visits were made at Raman Park during the breeding and nonbreeding seasons of wildlife. They study were done by making opportunistic sightings, walking transects and nocturnal survey. Transects were walked conducted in the morning, afternoon and night when the wildlife are most active. Numbers of birds seen (by sex) and heard calling were recorded and other biological data of wildlife were noted.

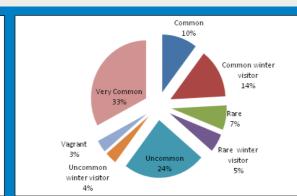
Results and Discussion

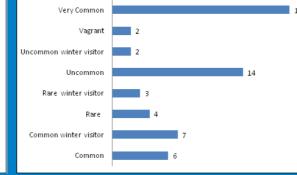
A total of 58 species of birds belonging to 22 families, 3 species of reptiles belonging to 4 families, 3 species of amphibians belonging to 2families and 9 species of mammalsbelonging to 6 families and 32 species of butterflies belonging to 7 families have been recorded during the study time. Seasonal variation of bird also observed and documented. A total of 73 birds have been spotted (Khan. M. A. R., et al, 1978.) from Ramna Park. Due to significant change of habitat more than 30 species of bird now missing from the

previous list of (Khan. M. A. R., et al, 1978.). All records were kept in the tabulated form in the excel data sheets. The average number of individual species of bird was calculated. Common and scientific name of the birds, mammals, reptiles and amphibians wasgiven according to (Siddiqui et al.20), (Ahmed, et al,) and (Kabir, et al). Birds are very common (VC) if the species was observed during almost all









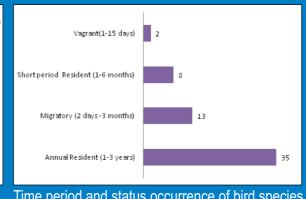




Table 1: Checklist of Bird

	i. Oncernst of Bird		Ctatus (Based on secuments
No.	English Name	Scientific Name	Status (Based on occurrence at Ramna Park only)
1	Alexandrine Parakeet	Psittaculaeupatria	Uncommon visitor
2	Ashy Drongo	Dicrurusleucophaeus	Common Winter visitor
3	Asian Koel	Eudynamysscolopacea	Very Common
4	Asian Palm Swift	Cypsiurusbalasiensis	Uncommon
5	Barn Owl	Tyto alba	Uncommon
6	Black Drongo	Dicrurusmacrocercus	Very Common
7	Black Kite	Milvusmigrans	Common
8	Black-crowned Night Heron	Nycticoraxnycticorax	Uncommon
9	Black-hooded Oriole	Oriolusxanthornus	Very Common
10	Blyth's Reed Warbler	Acrocephalusdumetorum	Common Winter Visitor
11	Brahminy Kite	Haliasturindus	Uncommon
12	Brown Hawk -Owl	Ninoxscutulata	Uncommon
13	Brown Shrike	Laniuscristatus	Common Winter Visitor
14	Chestnut-tailed Starling	Sturnusmalabaricus	Very Common
15	Clamorous Reed Warbler	Acrocephalusstentoreus	Common Winter Visitor
16	Common Iora	Aegithinatiphia	Uncommon
17	Common Kingfisher	Alcedoatthis	Uncommon
18	Common Myna	Acridotherestristis	Very Common
19	Common Pigeon	Columba livia	Uncommon
20	Common Tailorbird	Orthotomussutorius	Common
21	Coppersmith Barbet	Megalaimahaemacephala	Very Common
22	Dark-sided Flycatcher	Muscicapasibirica	1 record
23	Dusky Warbler	Phylloscopusfuscatus	Common Winter visitor
24	Eurasian Golden Oriole	Oriolusoriolus	Uncommon
25	Eurasian Hoopoe	Upupaepops	Uncommon winter visitor
26	Eye-browed Thrush	Turdusobscurus	1 record
27	Fulvous-breasted Woodpecker	Dendrocoposmacei	Common
28	Green Bee-eater	Meropsorientalis	Very Common
29	House Crow	Corvussplendens	Very Common
30	House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	Very Common
31	Indian Pond Heron	Ardeolagrayii	Uncommon
32	Jungle Crow	Corvusmacrorhynchos	Very Common
33	Jungle Myna	Acridotheresfuscus	Uncommon
34	Lesser Goldenback	Dinopiumbenghalense	Common
35	Little Cormoant	Phalacrocoraxniger	1 record (Ramna Lake)
36	Little Swift	Apusaffinis	Common
37	Mrs Gould's Sunbird	Aethopygagouldiae	1 record
38	Olive back pipit	Anthushodgsoni	Common Winter Visitor
39	Orange-headed Thrush	Zootheracitriana	Rare visitor
40	Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychussaularis	Very Common
41	Pale-billed Flowerpecker	Dicaeumerythrorynchos	Very Common
42	Pied Myna	Sturnus contra	Very Common
43	Purple Sunbird	Cinnyrisasiaticus	Very Common
44	Purple-rumped Sunbird	Leptocomazeylonica	Very Common
45	Red-breasted Parakeet	Psittaculaalexandri	Spring visitor
46	Red-vented Bulbul	Pycnonotuscafer	Very Common
47	Rose-ringed Parakeet	Psittaculakrameri	Very Common
48	RufousTreepie	Dendrocittavagabunda	Very Common
49	Rufous woodpecker	Celeusbrachyurus	Uncommon visitor
50	Spotted Dove	Streptopeliachinensis	Common

Uncommon

Conservation Strategy:

Table 3. Officerilist of Reptiles						
No.	English Name	Scientific Name	Status (Based on occurrence at Ramna Park only)			
1	Skipper Frog	Euphlyctiscyanophylctis	Uncommon			
2	Common Toad	Duttaphrynusmelanostictus	Uncommon			

Hoplobactrachustigerinus

Table 3. Checklist of Rentiles

- A small area of park should be conserved with local herb and shrub for a core zone for reptiles, mammals and ground dwelling birds.
- Proper implementation of rules and Laws regarding park conservation RamnaPark should be declared as a Protected Area for

its ecological value regarding Dhaka City

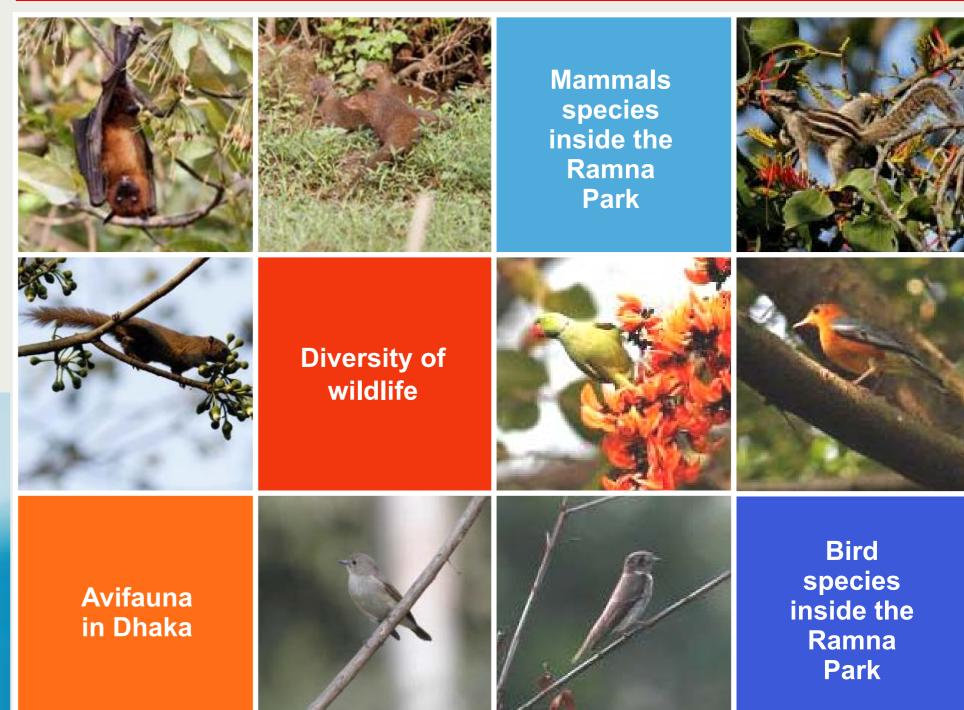
- Public awareness programme should be implement for wildlife conservation Wildlife supporting tree specially for bird should be
- The people using the park as a ground of morning and vening exercise should be use dustbin to through

Table 2: Checklist of Mammal

No.	English Name	Scientific Name	Status (Based on occurrence at
			Ramna Park only)
1	Irrawardy Squirrel	Callosciuruspygerythrus	Very Common
2	Flying Fox	Pteropusgiganteus	Very Common
3	Small Indian Mongoose	Herpestesjavanicus	Very Common
4	Indian Pipistrelle	Pipistrelluscoromandra	Common
5	Asian House Shrew	Suncusmurinus	Common
6	Lesser Bandicoot Rat	Bandicotabengalensis	Common
7	Little Indian Field Mouse	Musbooduga	Very Common
8	House Mouse	Musmusculus	Common
9	Five-striped Plam Squirrel	Funambuluspennantii	Very Common

Table 3: Checklist of Reptiles

No.	English Name	Scientific Name	Status (Based on occurrence at Ramna Park only)
1	Keeled Grass skink	Eutropiscarinata	Uncommon
2	Indian Rat Snake	Ptyasmucosus	Rare
3	Checkered Keelback	Xenochropispiscator	Uncommon
4	Olive Keelback	Atretiumschistosum	Uncommon
5	Common Garden Lizard	Calotesversicolor	Uncommon
6	Common House Gecko	Hemidactylusfrenatus	Very Common



References

Indian Bull Frog